

SIDDARTHA INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY:: PUTTUR (AUTONOMOUS) Siddharth Nagar, Narayanavanam Road – 517583 <u>OUESTION BANK (DESCRIPTIVE)</u>

Subject with Code: DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING (18EC0434) Regulation: R18

Course & Branch: B.Tech - ECE Year & Sem: IV-B.Tech & I-Sem

<u>UNIT - I</u>

INTRODUCTION TO DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING, IMAGE SENSING & ACQUISITION

1	a	Recall the terms pixel and image.	[L1][CO1]	[2M]
	b	Define resolution.	[L1][CO1]	[2M]
	с	What are the levels of image processing?	[L1][CO1]	[2M]
	d	List out the various types of adjacency.	[L1][CO1]	[2M]
	e	Recall the neighbors of a pixel using suitable representation.	[L1][CO1]	[2M]
2	a	What is the need for image processing? List out the fundamental steps in digital	[L1][CO1]	[5M]
		image processing which can be applied to images.		
	b	Explain the various types of digital image representations with examples.	[L2][CO1]	[5M]
3	a	Summarize the concepts of image modeling with relevant expressions.	[L2][CO1]	[5M]
	b	Determine the array product and matrix product of the two images	[L3][CO1]	[5M]
		$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \& B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$		
		l-1 1 $l-2$ 2		
			11 11 (00 1)	573 63
4	a	List out the various applications of digital image processing.		[5M]
	b	Discuss about any one of the real time applications of DIP with suitable diagram.	[L2][CO1]	[5M]
5		Explain about the basic pixel relationships and distance measures between pixels	[L2][CO1]	[10M]
		in a digital image.		
6		Explain about image sampling and quantization process with proper steps.	[L2][CO1]	[10M]
7		Discuss about the spatial operations and Geometric spatial transforms related to	[L2][CO1]	[10M]
		image processing.		
8		Summarize the following mathematical operations on digital images with		
		relevant expressions and diagrams.		
		a)Arithmetic operations	[L2][CO1]	[5M]
		b) Linear versus Nonlinear Operations	[L2][CO1]	[5M]
9		Explain the following mathematical operations on digital images.		
		a) Array & Matrix operations	[L2][CO1]	[5M]
		b) Set & Logical operations	[L2][CO1]	[5M]
10		Explain the important terms related to Imaging Geometry with suitable	[L2][CO1]	[10M]
		expressions.		





<u>UNIT - II</u>

IMAGE TRANSFORMS

1	a	List the important properties unitary image transforms.	[L1][CO2]	[2M]
	b	What do you mean by fast transforms?	[L1][CO2]	[2M]
	с	What is the goal of an image transform?	[L1][CO2]	[2M]
	d	What are advantages of Walsh transform over Fourier transform?	[L1][CO2]	[2M]
	e	What is the main difference between DCT and DFT ?	[L1][CO2]	[2M]
2	a	What is the need of image transform? List out various types of transform used in	[L1][CO2]	[5M]
		image processing?		
	b	Discuss the importance of 2D Orthogonal and Unitary transforms.	[L2][CO2]	[5M]
3	a	Compare the computational complexity and number of operations of all the	[L2][CO2]	[5M]
		image transforms.		
	b	List out the properties of 2D – Discrete Fourier Transform. Explain any one	[L2][CO2]	[5M]
		property with suitable expressions.		
4	a	Illustrate that DFT matrix satisfies the unitary property with necessary	[L2][CO2]	[5M]
		expressions.		
	b	Show that Discrete Fourier Transform has property of periodicity.	[L2][CO2]	[5M]
5	a	Explain about 2D – Discrete Fourier Transform.	[L2][CO2]	[5M]
	b	Apply 2D – Discrete Fourier Transform for the following image	[L3][CO2]	[5M]
		$f(m,n) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 &$		
6		Prove the following two properties of 2D-DFT:	[L3][CO2]	[10M]
		i) Convolution		
		ii) Correlation		
7	a	Discuss about 2D – Discrete Cosine Transform with relevant mathematical	[L2][CO2]	[4M]
		functions.		
	b	Predict the 2D – Discrete Cosine Transform matrix for N =4.	[L3][CO2]	[6M]
8	a	Identify the image basis function of 1 D Walsh Transform when $N = 4$.	[L3] [CO2]	[5M]
	b	Summarize the properties of Walsh Transform.	[L2] [CO2]	[5M]
9	a	Determine the Hadamard matrix for $N = 8$ using recursive calculation from $N=2$.	[L3] [CO2]	[6M]
	b	Summarize the properties of Hadamard Transform.	[L2] [CO2]	[4M]
10		Explain in brief about Hoteling Transform	[L2] [CO2]	[10M]

<u>UNIT – III</u>

IMAGE ENHANCEMENT & COLOR IMAGE PROCESSING

1	a	Recall the term Histogram equalization.	[L1][CO3]	[2M]
	b	What do you mean by image enhancement?	[L1][CO3]	[2M]
	с	Define point processing.	[L1][CO3]	[2M]
	d	Compare Pseudo color image processing and full color image processing.	[L1][CO3]	[2M]
	e	What are the applications of color image processing?	[L1][CO3]	[2M]
2	a	Discuss about basics of intensity transformation in image enhancement.	[L2][CO3]	[5M]
	b	Illustrate contrast stretching and bit plane slicing with suitable examples.	[L2][CO3]	[5M]
3	a	Illustrate the image negative transformation with suitable example.	[L2][CO3]	[5M]
	b	Explain the concept of histogram for various images with relevant diagrams.	[L2][CO3]	[5M]
4	a	Explain the histogram equalization operation in image enhancement with	[L2][CO3]	[5M]
		necessary expressions.		
	b	Explain the procedure for histogram matching process.	[L2][CO3]	[5M]
5	a	Explain the mechanism of spatial domain filtering with suitable functions.	[L2][CO3]	[5M]
	b	Discuss about the linear and non-linear spatial filters with necessary expressions.	[L2][CO3]	[5M]
6	a	Illustrate the sharpening of images in spatial domain with Gradient and Laplacian	[L2][CO3]	[5M]
		operations with required expressions.		
	b	Determine the median value of the marked pixels of the given matrix using 3 x 3	[L3][CO3]	[5M]
		mask. $F = \begin{bmatrix} 34 & 128 & 24 & 172 & 26 & 23 \\ 128 & 26 & 26 & 26 \\ 128 & 26 & 26 & 26 \\ 128 & 26 & 26 & 26 \\ 128 & 26 & 26 & 26 \\ 128 & 26 & 26 & 26 \\ 128 & 26 & 26 & 26 \\ 128 & 26 & 26 & 26 \\ 128 & 26 & 26 & 26 \\ 128 & 26 & 26 & 26 \\ 12$		
		122 19 32 31 28 261		
7	a	Summarize the concept of frequency domain filtering with necessary steps.	[L2][CO3]	[5M]
	b	Discuss about the types of smoothing filters in frequency domain with the	[L2][CO3]	[5M]
		required expressions.		
8	a	Explain the concept of Laplacian in frequency domain filtering of images.	[L2][CO3]	[5M]
	b	Discuss about any two types of sharpening filters in frequency domain along	[L2][CO3]	[5M]
		with the required expressions.		
9	a	Define the terms: Luminance and Chrominance.	[L1][CO3]	[4M]
	b	Explain about the RGB and CMYK color models.	[L2][CO3]	[6M]
10	a	Define the following terms: Saturation and Hue	[L1][CO3]	[4M]
	b	Discuss about CIE chromaticity diagram and mention its significance.	[L2][CO3]	[6M]



<u>UNIT – IV</u> IMAGE DEGRADATION/RESTORATION & IMAGE SEGMENTATION

1	a	What do you mean by image enhancement and image restoration?	[L1][CO4]	[2M]
	b	What are the advantages of a Wiener filter over an inverse filter?	[L1][CO4]	[2M]
	c	List the disadvantage of inverse filtering.	[L1][CO4]	[2M]
	d	List the significant features of a median filter.	[L1][CO4]	[2M]
	e	What is meant by image segmentation? Write its use in image processing.	[L1][CO4]	[2M]
2	a	Explain about degradation model with the help of block diagram.	[L2][CO4]	[5M]
	b	Discuss about the structure and mathematical functions for probability density functions of any 5 noise models.	[L2][CO4]	[5M]
3		Discuss the algebraic approach of constrained Least Square filter restoration.	[L2][CO4]	[10M]
4		Explain in detail about the Wiener filter approach.	[L2][CO4]	[10M]
5	a	Explain the fundamental steps performed in edge detection of images.	[L2][CO4]	[5M]
	b	Summarize the concept of image gradient and its properties in edge detection.	[L2][CO4]	[5M]
6	a	Illustrate the operation of Prewitt mask & Sobel mask operators in edge detection.	[L2][CO4]	[6M]
	b	List the fundamental approaches of edge linking and define the same.	[L1][CO4]	[4M]
7		Explain about the local processing approach of linking edge points with necessary steps.	[L5][CO4]	[10M]
8	a	Explain the role of thresholding in segmentation.	[L2][CO4]	[5M]
	b	Summarize the steps in Otsu's algorithm for global thresholding.	[L2][CO4]	[5M]
9		Explain the following with respect to motion in segmentation.a) Spatial Techniquesb) frequency domain techniques	[L2][CO4]	[10M]
10		Explain the procedure for image segmentation based on (a)Region growing (b) region splitting & merging	[L2][CO4]	[10M]



<u>UNIT – V</u> WAVELETS & MULTIRESOLUTION PROCESSING & IMAGE COMPRESSION

1	а	What is the need for Compression?	[L1][C05]	[2M]
1	h	Define compression ratio	[L1][C05]	[2M]
	0	List out the various image compression standards	[L1][C05]	[2M]
	d	What do you meant by wavelet packet?		[2N]
	u	List the significant advantages of image wavelet transforms		$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$
2	e	List the significant advantages of image wavelet transforms.		
2	a	Explain about image pyramids in multi-resolution processing.	[L2][C05]	[5M]
	b	Summarize the concept of sub band coding with respect to image processing.	[L2][CO5]	[5M]
3		Explain the following with respect to multi resolution expansions.	[L2][CO5]	[10M]
		a)Scaling functions		
		b) wavelet functions		
4	1	Explain the following with respect to Wavelet Transform (WT).	[L2][CO5]	[10M]
		a) 1 D – Wavelet Transforms		
		b) 2D Wavelet Transforms		
5		Explain		[10M]
		a) Fast Wavelet Transforms	[L2][CO5]	
		b) Wavelet packets		
6	a	What is redundancy in image compression? Discuss the importance of data	[L2[CO6]	[5M]
		redundancies.		
	b	Explain the various data redundancies with respect to image compression.	[L2][CO6]	[5M]
7		Classify the compression standards for images & videos and explain the same.	[L2][CO6]	[10M]
8		Explain the following with respect to image compression	[L2][CO6]	[10M]
		a) Run Length Coding		
		b) Bit Plane coding		
9		Explain about a) Transform based coding b) Arithmetic and Huffman coding	[L2][CO6]	[10M]
10		Predict the Code word, Average Length (L), Entropy (H(s)), Efficiency of the	[L5][CO6]	[10M]
		word "COMMITTEE" using binary Huffman coding.		

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